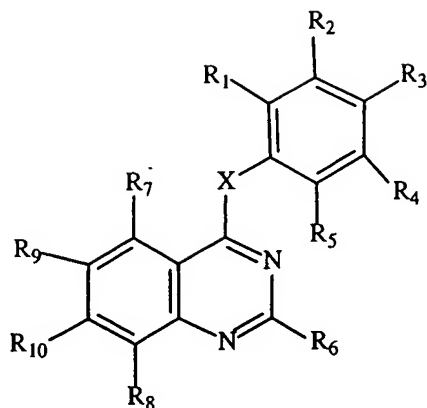


## Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula I:



wherein:

X is HN, R<sub>11</sub>N, S, O, CH<sub>2</sub>, or R<sub>11</sub>CH;

R<sub>11</sub> is hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl;

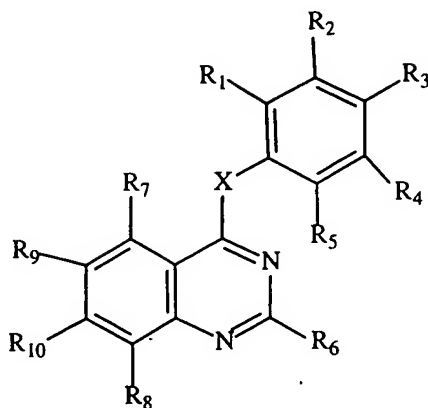
R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>8</sub> are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, amino, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylthio, or halo; wherein two adjacent groups of R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> together with the phenyl ring to which they are attached may optionally form a fused ring, for example forming a naphthyl or a tetrahydronaphthyl ring; and further wherein the ring formed by the two adjacent groups of R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> may optionally be substituted by 1, 2, 3, or 4 hydroxy, mercapto, amino, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylthio, or halo; and

R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are each independently hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, halo, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl; or R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> together are methylenedioxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

provided the compound is not 4-(4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline.

2. The compound of claim 1 wherein X is  $R_{11}N$ .
3. The compound of claim 1 wherein X is HN.
4. The compound of claim 1 wherein each of  $R_1, R_2, R_4, R_5, R_6, R_7$ , and  $R_{10}$  is H.
5. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_3$  is  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, hydroxy, nitro, halo, trifluoromethyl, or  $NR_{12}R_{13}$  wherein  $R_{12}$  and  $R_{13}$  are each independently hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkenyl,  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkynyl,  $(C_3-C_8)$ cycloalkyl, or heterocycle.
6. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_3$  is hydroxy.
7. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  or  $R_3$  is hydroxy.
8. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  or  $R_3$  is hydroxy; and one of  $R_1-R_5$  is halo.
9. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  or  $R_3$  is hydroxy.
10. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_8$  is  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy.
11. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_9$  is  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy.
12. The compound of claim 1 which is 4-(3'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; 4-(3',5'-dibromo-4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline or 4-(3'-bromo-4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula I:



wherein:

X is HN, R<sub>11</sub>N, S, O, CH<sub>2</sub>, or R<sub>11</sub>CH;

R<sub>11</sub> is hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl;

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>8</sub> are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, amino, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylthio, or halo; wherein two adjacent groups of R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> together with the phenyl ring to which they are attached may optionally form a fused ring, for example forming a naphthyl or a tetrahydronaphthyl ring; and further wherein the ring formed by the two adjacent groups of R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> may optionally be substituted by 1, 2, 3, or 4 hydroxy, mercapto, amino, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylthio, or halo; and R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are each independently hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkoxy, halo, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl; or R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> together are methylenedioxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

14. The composition of claim 13 wherein R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>3</sub> is hydroxy.

15. The composition of claim 13 wherein R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>3</sub> is hydroxy; and one of R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> is halo.

16. The composition of claim 13 wherein the compound of formula I is 4-(3'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; 4-(3',5'-dibromo-4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline or 4-(3'-bromo-4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof .
17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising 4-(4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof ; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
18. A therapeutic method for treating leukemia or lymphoma in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
19. A therapeutic method for treating or preventing organ transplant rejection in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
20. A therapeutic method for preventing or reducing ultraviolet B radiation-induced inflammatory response in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
21. A therapeutic method for inhibiting the release of prostaglandin E<sub>2</sub> in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
22. A therapeutic method for preventing or reducing UVB-induced skin edema or vascular permeability changes in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.

23. A therapeutic method for preventing or reducing ultraviolet B radiation-induced damage to epithelial cells or mutation frequency in skin in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
24. A therapeutic method for protecting a mammal from tumorigenic effects of UVB light comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
25. A therapeutic method for inhibiting T-cell activity in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
26. A therapeutic method for preventing or treating an autoimmune disease comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
27. A therapeutic method for preventing or treating graft-verses host disease comprising administering to the mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a JAK-3 inhibitor.
28. The method of any one of claims 18-27 wherein the compound is a compound of claim 1.
29. The method of any one of claims 18-27 wherein the JAK-3 inhibitor is 4-(4'-hydroxyl-phenyl)-amino-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.